sought by the applicant or any other party to the proceeding.

[47 FR 13510, Mar. 31, 1982, as amended at 53 FR 6800, Mar. 3, 1988]

PART 19—REFERRAL OF DEBTS TO THE IRS FOR TAX REFUND OFFSET

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AUTHORITY: 31 U.S.C. 3720A; Public Law 98-369; 98 Stat. 1153.

Source: $58\ FR\ 39653$, July $26.\ 1993$, unless otherwise noted.

§19.1 Purpose.

This part establishes procedures for the Department of Commerce (DOC) to refer past-due debts to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for offset against the income tax refunds of persons owing debts to the DOC. It specifies the agency procedures and the rights of the debtor applicable to claims for payment of debts owed to the DOC.

§ 19.2 Applicability and scope.

- (a) These regulations implement 31 U.S.C. 3720A which authorizes the IRS to reduce a tax refund by the amount of a past-due legally enforceable debt owed to the United States.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a past-due legally enforceable debt referable to the IRS is a debt which is owed to the United States and:
- (1) Except in the case of a judgment debt, has been delinquent for at least three months but has not been delinquent for more than ten years at the time the offset is made;
- (2) Cannot be currently collected pursuant to the salary offset provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5514(a)(1);
- (3) Is ineligible for administrative offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716(a) by reason of 31 U.S.C. 3716(c)(2) or cannot be collected by administrative offset under 31 U.S.C. 3716(a) by the Department against amounts payable to or on behalf of the debtor by or on behalf of the Department;

- (4) With respect to which, the DOC has given the taxpayer at least 60 days from the date of notification to present evidence that all or part of the debt is not past-due or legally enforceable, the DOC has considered evidence presented by such taxpayer, and has determined that an amount of such debt is past-due and legally enforceable;
- (5) Has been disclosed by the DOC to a consumer reporting agency as authorized by 31 U.S.C. 3711(f), unless a consumer reporting agency would be prohibited from using such information by 15 U.S.C. 1681c, or unless the amount of the debt does not exceed \$100.00;
- (6) With respect to which, the DOC has notified or has made a reasonable attempt to notify the taxpayer that the debt is past-due and, unless repaid within 60 days thereafter, will be referred to the IRS for offset against any overpayment of taxes;
 - (7) Is at least \$25.00;
- (8) With respect to which, all other requirements of 31 U.S.C. 3720A and the Department of the Treasury regulations codified at 26 CFR 301.6402-6 relating to the eligibility of a debt for tax refund offset have been satisfied.

§19.3 Administrative charges.

In accordance with 4 CFR part 102, all administrative charges incurred in connection with the referral of a debt to the IRS shall be assessed on the debt and thus increase the amount of the offset.

\S 19.4 Notice requirement before offset.

A request for a reduction of an IRS tax refund will be made only after the DOC makes a determination that an amount is owed and past-due and provides the debtor with sixty (60) days written notice. The DOC's notice of intention to collect by IRS tax refund offset (Notice of Intent) will include:

- (a) The amount of the debt;
- (b) A statement that unless the debt is repaid within sixty (60) days from the date of the DOC's Notice of Intent, DOC intends to collect the debt by requesting that the IRS reduce any amounts payable to the debtor as refunds of Federal taxes paid by an amount equal to the amount of the